

专题 02 代词、介词和介词短语

全国各地历年高考真题全收录一代词

1. (2022 全国乙卷) The Chinese Ancient Tea Museum was officially unveiled (揭幕) at the ceremony opening _____ (it) first exhibition: The Avenue of Truth — A Special Exhibition of Pu'er Tea.

答案: its

解析: 考查代词。句意: 在开幕式上, 中国古茶博物馆正式揭牌, 开启了它的第一个展览: 大道遗真—普洱茶专题展。名词 exhibition 前用形容词性物主代词。故填 its。

2. (2021 新课标 I 卷) As the song goes, this long and winding road "will never disappear", and it will always stick in the visitor's memory. It sure does in _____ (I) .

答案: mine

解析: 句意为: 对我来说的确如此。指 my memory, 所以用名词性物主代词作介词的宾语, 故填 mine。

3. (2021 全国乙卷) Ecotourism has _____ (it) origin with the environmental movement of the 1970s.

答案: its

解析: 考查代词。句意: 生态旅游起源于 20 世纪 70 年代的环境运动。根据空格后名词 origin 可知, 此处形容词性物主代词来修饰名词 origin。故填 its。

4. (2021 年浙江卷) She was extremely pretty, and her house was a reflection of _____ (she) , everything in good taste and in perfect order.

答案: herself

解析: 考查代词。句意: 她非常漂亮, 她的房子是她自己的写照, 一切都很有品位, 井井有条。根据句意可知, 此处意为“她自己”, 可知此处考查反身代词; 提示词 she 的反身代词是 herself。故填 herself。

5. (2020 新课标 I 卷) Data about the moon's composition, such as how _____ ice and other treasures it contains, could help China decide whether _____ (it) plans for a future lunar (月球的) base are practical.

答案: much; its

解析: 考查形容词。句意: 关于月亮构成的数据, 比如它含有多少水和其他财富, 可以帮助中国决定它未来月球基地的计划是否实用。ice 是不可数名词, 应使用 much 修饰, 故填 much。根据空后的名词 plans 可知, 此处应使用形容词性物主代词 its, 故填 its。

6. (2020 年山东卷) As well as looking at exhibits, visitors can play with computer simulations (模拟) and

imagine _____ (they) living at a different time in history or walking through a rainforest.

答案: themselves

解析: 考查反身代词。句意:除了观赏展品,游客还可以玩电脑模拟游戏,想象自己生活在一个不同的历史时期,或者漫步在热带雨林中。此处指代 visitors,意为“他们自己”,应使用反身代词。故填 themselves。

7. (2019 年北京卷) Nervously facing challenges, I know I will whisper to _____ (I) the two simple words “Be yourself”.

答案: myself

解析: 考查代词。句意:紧张地面对挑战,我知道我将轻声对自己说两个简单的字“Be yourself”。本句的主语是 I,当宾语与主语是同一人称时,宾语要用反身代词。故填 myself。

8. (2018 新课标 I 卷) But otherwise...it's probably running. If you are time poor, you need run for only half the time to get the same benefits as other sports, so perhaps we should all give _____ a try.

答案: it/running

解析: 考查名词或代词,指代前面提到的 running, 可以用 running, 作宾语, 也可以用 it。

9. (2018 新课标 III 卷) When the gorillas and I frightened each other, I was just glad to find _____ (they) alive.

答案: them

解析: 考查人称代词。作宾语, 所以用宾格代词。

10. (2018 年浙江卷) Many westerners who come to China cook much less than in their own countries once they realize how cheap _____ can be to eat out.

答案: it

解析: 考查 it 用法。句子为感叹句, 正常语序应该是 it can be how cheap to eat out. 其中不定式 to eat out 是真正主语, it 是形式主语。故填 it。

全国各地历年高考真题全收录—介词和介词短语

1. (2022 新高考 I 卷) Giant pandas also serve _____ an umbrella species(物种), bringing protection to a host of plants and animals in the southwestern and northwestern parts of China.

答案：as

解析：考查介词。句意：大熊猫还扮演着保护伞的角色，为中国西南和西北地区的许多动植物带来保护。

固定短语：serve as (充当)。故填 as。

2. (2022 全国甲卷) He flew 4,700 kilometers _____ Xi'an to Kashgar on Sept. 20.

答案：from

解析：考查介词。句意：9月20日，他从4700公里外的西安飞到了喀什，计划在五个月内徒步回到西安。

根据句意和 Xi'an to Kashgar 可知，此处表示“从西安飞往喀什”，应用介词 from，固定搭配 from...to...

表示“从……到……”。故填 from。

3. (2022 全国乙卷) May 21st this year marks the first International Tea Day, which was named officially _____ the United Nations on November 27th, 2019.

答案：by

解析：考查介词。句意：2019年11月27日，联合国正式将5月21日定为第一个国际茶日。根据句意可知，

此处表达“被联合国在5月21日命名”。表示被动，使用固定结构“be+过去分词+by”。故填 by。

4. (2021 新课标 II 卷) A company representative wrote back and told me the airline was switching over _____ plastic to paper cups on all of its 1,200 daily flights.

答案：from

解析：考查介词。句意：一位公司代表回信告诉我，该航空公司将把每天1200个航班从塑料杯换成纸杯。

from sth to sth 从...到..., 所以填 from。

5. (2021 全国甲卷) It was built (build) originally to protect the city _____ the Tang dynasty and has now been completely restored (修复).

答案：in/during

解析：考查介词。句意：它最初是为了保护唐代的城市而建造的，现在已经完全修复了。根据句意可知，

表示“在某个朝代”可用介词 in/during。故填 in/during。

6. (2021 全国乙卷) It was not widely accepted as a travel concept _____ the late 1980s.

答案：until

解析：考查固定句型。句意：直到20世纪80年代晚期才作为旅游观念被广泛接受。根据句意可知，此处

表示“直到20世纪80年代晚期才作为旅游观念被广泛接受”，表示“直到……才……”使用固定句型

“not……until……”。故填 until。

7. (2021 全国乙卷) Due to the growing popularity of environmentally-related and adventure travel, various types

_____ trips are now being classified as ecotourism.

答案: of

解析: 考查介词。句意: 由于与环境相关的探险旅行越来越受欢迎, 各种各样的旅行现在被归类为生态旅游。various types of 为固定搭配表示“各种各样的”, 所以空格处应填 of。故填 of。

8. (2020 新课标 I 卷) because it has a lot of deep craters (环形山), more so _____ the familiar near side.

答案: than

解析: 考查介词。句意: 因为它比熟悉的一面有更多的深环形山。根据空前的比较级 more so 可知, 此处填介词 than, 表示“比……更”。故填 than。

9. (2021 年浙江卷) In 1844 they bought it _____ \$1,200 and some land from Charles Dresser, who performed their marriage

答案: for

解析: 考查介词。句意: 1844 年, 他们以 1200 美元的价格从查尔斯·德莱瑟手中买下了这座房子和一些土地, 查尔斯·德莱瑟在 1842 年举行了他们的婚礼。结合句意可知, 此处考查固定短语 buy sth. for + 价格, 意为“以……价格买某物”。故填 for。

10. (2021 浙江卷 1 月) The study found that between 1985 and 2017, average rural BMI increased _____ 40

2.1 in women and men.

答案: by

解析: 考查介词。句意: 研究发现, 1985 年至 2017 年间, 农村女性和男性的平均 BMI 增加了 2.1。increase by 表示“增加了”; increase to 表示“增加到”。根据正常的成人 BMI 数值 (18.5-23.9) 可知, increase by 符合语境, 故填 by。

11. (2021 年北京卷) While riding his bike home _____ a cold night, he came across a sad-looking elderly woman wandering the streets by herself.

答案: on

解析: 考查介词。句意: 在一个寒冷的夜晚, 当他骑着自行车回家时, 他遇到了一个看起来悲伤的老妇人独自在街上游荡。表示“在具体的某一天”或“(在具体的某一天的) 早上、中午、晚上”等, 须用介词 on。故填 on。

12. (2020 新课标 II 卷) Oranges: Orange trees are more _____ decoration; they are a symbol of good fortune and wealth.

答案: than

解析：考查短语。句意：桔子树不仅仅是装饰品；more than 不仅仅，不只是。故填 than。

13. (2020 新课标 II 卷) Bamboo plants are associated _____ health, abundance and a happy home.

答案：with

解析：考查短语。句意：竹类植物与健康、富足和幸福的家庭联系在一起。be associated with 与……相联系。故填 with。

14. (2020 新课标 III 卷) The artist was finally humbled (谦卑) by the greatest artist _____ earth, Mother Nature.

答案：on

解析：考查介词。句意：这位艺术家最终被世界上最伟大的艺术家——大自然母亲所折服。结合句意表示“在世界上”短语为 on earth。故填 on。

15. (2020 年北京卷) Over time, the bags fall apart _____ countless tiny pieces, and fish can accidentally eat some of them.

答案：on

解析：考查介词。句意：随着时间的^的推移，这些袋子分解成无数的小碎片，鱼可能会不小心吃掉其中一些。固定搭配 fall apart into/to... (分崩离析成……)，介词 into/to 可表“进入……之中/变成……”。故填 into/to。

16. (2020 年浙江卷) Some time after 10, 000 BC, people made the first real attempt to control the world they lived _____, through agriculture.

答案：on

解析：考查介词。句意：公元前 10000 年以后，人们第一次真正尝试通过农业来控制他们所居住的世界。分析可知，“they lived _____”应是之前名词 the world 的定语从句，定语从句引导词被省略，可推知先行词应是在从句中作宾语，即：they lived in the world. live in+名词，意为“居住在某地”。故填 in。

17. (2020 年浙江卷) Farming produced more food per person _____ hunting and gathering, so people were able to raise more children

答案：than

解析：考查固定搭配。句意：农业比狩猎和采集的人均粮食产量更高。结合句意可知，此句中将农业生产与狩猎和采集相比，应用比较连词 than。more... than，意为“比……更”故填 than。

18. (2020 浙江卷 1 月) This aging of the population is driven _____ two factors.

答案：by

解析：考查介词。句意：人口老龄化是由两个因素造成的。表示“由；被”应用介词 by。故填 by。

19. (2019 新课标 I 卷) Modern methods _____ tracking polar bear populations have been employed only since the mid-1980s.

答案：of/for

解析：考查介词用法。此处 tracking polar bear populations 作 Modern methods 的定语，用 of 连接，“methods of doing sth.”, 意为“...的方法”，构成固定结构。或者意为“对于跟踪北极熊的方法”用 for。故填 of/for。

20. (2019 新课标 III 卷) We were first greeted with the barking by a pack _____ dogs, seven to be exact.

答案：of

解析：考查介词。“a pack of”意为“一群”。故填 of。

21. (2019 年北京卷) First celebrated _____ 1970, the Day now includes events in more than 190 countries and regions(地区).

答案：in

解析：考查介词。句意：第一次庆祝是在 1970 年。如今，这一天的活动遍及 190 多个国家和地区。在年份前要用介词 in。故填 in。

22. (2019 年浙江卷) But can uniforms help improve school standards? The answer _____ this question is not clear.

答案：to

解析：考查介词。句意：这个问题的答案不清楚。the key/answer to ...表示“.....的答案是.....”，是固定搭配。故填 to。

23. (2018 新课标 I 卷) While running regularly can't make you live forever, the review says it is more effective at lengthening life _____ walking, cycling or swimming.

答案：than

解析：考查固定搭配。前面有比较级 more effective，所以用 than。

24. (2018 新课标 II 卷) Corn uses less water _____ rice and creates less fertilizer (化肥) runoff.

答案：than

解析：考查固定搭配。前面有比较级 less，所以用 than 进行比较。

25. (2018 新课标 III 卷) My name is Mireya Mayor. I was searching _____ these three western lowland gorillas I'd been observing.

答案: for

解析: 考查介词短语。根据固定搭配, search for 寻找, 故答案为 for

26. (2018 年浙江卷) If you are not going to suffer this problem, then I suggest that the next time you go to your mum's home _____ dinner, get a few cooking tips from her.

答案: for

解析: 考查介词。表示去母亲家去吃饭, 表示去向、目的用介词 for, 故填 for。

27. (2018·北京) —Good morning, Mr. Lee's office.

—Good morning. I'd like to make an appointment _____ next Wednesday afternoon.

A. for B. on C. in D. at

答案: A

解析: 考查介词。句意: —早上好, Lee 先生办公室。—早上好。我想预约下周三下午 (和 Mr. Lee 见面)。

make an appointment for 意为“为……预约”, 是固定搭配, 故 A 选项正确。

28. (2020 年山东卷) Museums must compete _____ people's spare time and money with other amusements.

Most museums also welcome school groups and arrange special activities for children.

答案: for

解析: 考查介词。句意: 博物馆必须和其他娱乐活动竞争人们的业余时间和金钱。此处是固定短语: compete

for, 意为: “为了……竞争”。故填 for。

